Laplace Transform 1, (a,e)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 1, (a,e)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^5 +32=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=1, y=1 in *w*-plane and u=1, v=1 in *z*-plane for $f(z) = z^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = z \sinh z$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = z \sinh z$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 4z + 3}$$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z)dz$ for C:|z+1|=1.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{1+x^4}$.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of
$$\frac{15x+9}{x^3-9x}$$
.

Laplace Transform 2, (b,e)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 2, (b,e)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^4 +16=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=1, y=1 in w-plane and u=1, v=1 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = z \cosh z$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = z \cosh z$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of $f(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 + 4z + 3}$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z)dz$ for C:|z+1|=1.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{2 + 3x^2 + x^4}.$

3-10. Find the partial fraction of
$$\frac{5x^2 + 2x + 4}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6}$$
.

Laplace Transform 4, (c,e)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 3, (c,f)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of $z^6+27=0$.

3-2. Find the image of *x*=1, *y*=1 in *w*-plane and *u*=1, *v*=1 in *z*-plane for $f(z) = (z-1)(z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = z \sin z$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = z \sin z$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^2 + 4z + 3}$$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z)dz$ for C:|z+3|=1.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{5 + 6x^2 + x^4}.$

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{5x^2 + 3x + 9}{x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x}$.

Laplace Transform 5, (d,f)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 4, (d,f)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^6 +8=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=2, y=1 in w-plane and u=2, v=1 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z+1)(z-1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = ze^{z}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = ze^{z}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^3 + 2z^2 + z^2}$$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z) dz$ for C:|z|=2.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{6+5x^2+x^4}$.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of
$$\frac{4x^2 + 2x + 7}{x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x}$$
.

Laplace Transform 6, (a,f)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 5, (a,g)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^4 +4=0.

3-2. Find the image of *x*=1, *y*=1 in *w*-plane and *u*=1, *v*=1 in *z*-plane for $f(z) = (2z-1)(z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = ze^{-z}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = ze^{-z}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of $f(z) = \frac{z+3}{z^3 + 2z^2 + z}$.

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z) dz$ for C:|z|=0.5.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{x^4 + 16}$.

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^3 + x^2 - x - 1}$.

Laplace Transform 1, (b,f)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 6, (b,g)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^6 +64=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=1, y=1 in w-plane and u=1, v=1 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z+2)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = z \cos z$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = z \cos z$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 5z + 4}$$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z) dz$ for C:|z+4|=2.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{1+x^6}$.

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{2x^2 + 3x + 2}{x^3 + x^2 - x - 1}$.

Laplace Transform 2, (c,g)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 7, (c,h)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^8 +16=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=1, y=1 in w-plane and u=1, v=1 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = e^{z^2}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = e^{z^2}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of $f(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 + 5z + 4}$

3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z) dz$ for C:|z+1|=1.

3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^2}$.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of
$$\frac{x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^3 - 5x^2 + 8x - 4}$$
.

Laplace Transform 4, (d,g)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 1, (d,h)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^5 -32=0.

3-2. Find the image of *x*=1, *y*=1 in *w*-plane and *u*=1, *v*=1 in *z*-plane for $f(z) = (z-1)(z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = e^{-z^2}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = e^{-z^2}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of $f(z) = \frac{(z+1)^2}{z^2 + 5z}$.

- 3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z)dz$ for C:|z|=1.
- 3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{2+3x^2+x^4}.$

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{x^2 + 4x + 5}{x^3 - 5x^2 + 8x - 4}$.

Laplace Transform 5, (a,h)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 2, (a,i)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of $z^6+27=0$.

3-2. Find the image of x=-1, y=2 in w-plane and u=-1, v=2 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z+1)(z-1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = ze^{jz}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = ze^{iz}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{z+3}{z^2+4z}$$

- 3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z)dz$ for C:|z+3|=2.
- 3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{1+x^8}$.

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{3x^2 + 4x + 2}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6}$.

Laplace Transform 6, (b,h)

1-1. Find the Laplace transform of f(t), then solve the ODE.

1-2. Find the unit impulse response of the system specified by the ODE, then find the system output when the input is given by f(t).

Fourier Transform 3, (b,i)

2-1. Find the Fourier series of f(x) (or f(t)), then find the "steady-state" solution for the ODE.

2-2. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) assuming that $p \rightarrow \infty$, i.e., consists of <u>only one period</u>.

Complex variables

3-1. Find the roots of z^8 +81=0.

3-2. Find the image of x=2, y=-1 in w-plane and u=1, v=1 in z-plane for $f(z) = (z-1)(2z+1)^{-1}$.

3-3. Use Cauchy-Riemann equations to show that $f(z) = ze^{-jz}$ is analytic and verify that its derivative is given by $f'(z) = u_x + jv_x$.

3-4. Use the Green's theorem to prove the Cauchy's integral theorem.

3-5. Find the Taylor's series of $f(z) = ze^{-jz}$ about z=0.

3-6. Find the Laurent's series about all poles of
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 4z}$$

- 3-7. Consider f(z) in 3-6, evaluate $\oint_C f(z) dz$ for C:|z|=1.
- 3-8. Evaluate the improper integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{1+x^6}$.

3-9. Find the inverse Laplace transform required in 1-1 by evaluating Bromwich integral.

3-10. Find the partial fraction of $\frac{8x+15}{x^3-9x}$.